3A: Variant Airway Anatomy

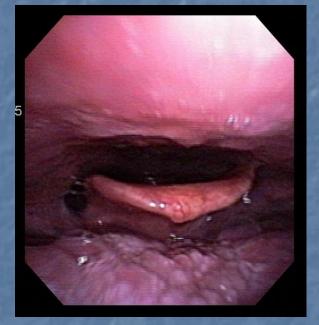
Series of Web-based Bronchoscopic Images



Prepared By Bronchoscopy International

Contact us at BI@bronchoscopy.org

Epiglottis





Thin tongue-like

Thick Omega-shaped

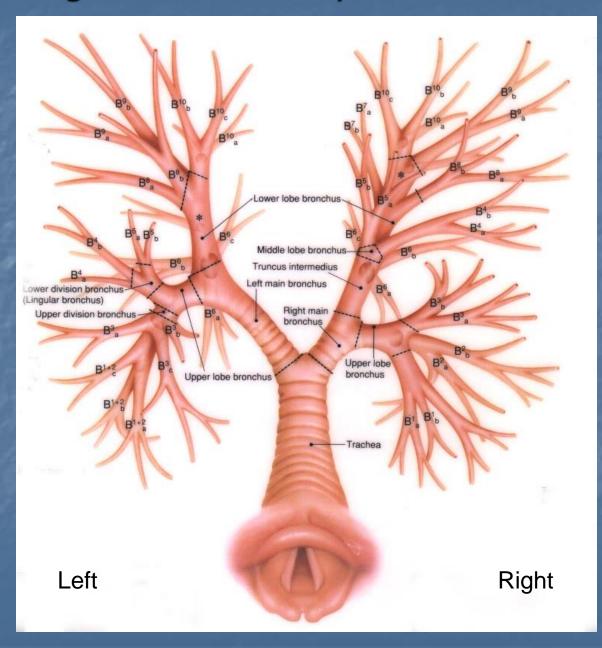
11/1/2014

Cartilage protuberance trachea



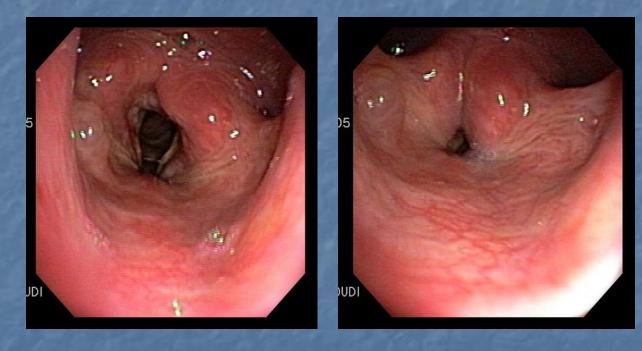
Patient without respiratory symptoms

Lobar and segmental anatomy



From Oho and Matsukawa 11/1/2014

Enlarged arytenoids



Open

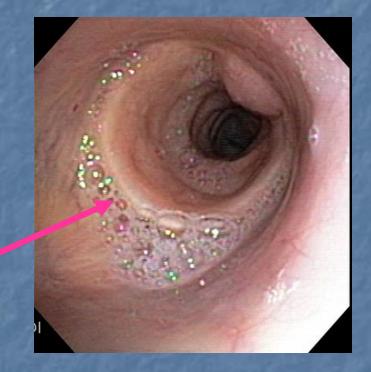
Closed

11/1/2014

Airway secretions

Airway secretions are usually clear and frothy.

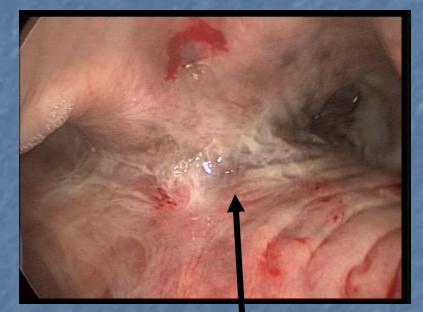
Cricoid cartilage (superior aspect)



Small, round cricoid region in woman of small stature



Also seen in the airway wall



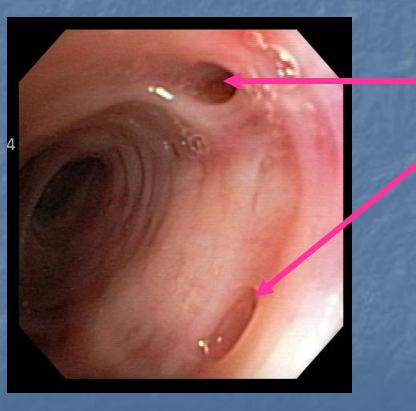


Anthrocotic pigment

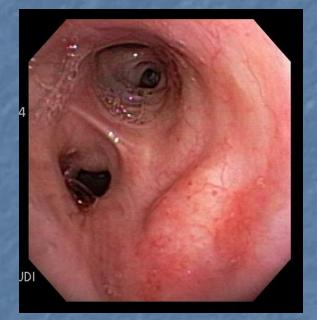
Bronchial glands/ mucosal pits

11/1/2014

Enlarged bronchial pits



Mucosal swelling



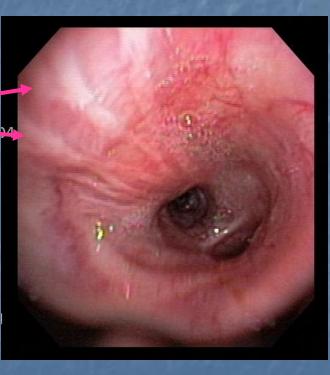


Anterior swellingSwelling on spurBiopsies all normal. No subsequent pathology noted

11/1/2014

Prominent longitudinal elastic bundles

Posterior wall of bronchus



Anthrocosis





With hyperemia

With stenosis and edema

Tracheal cartilage variants





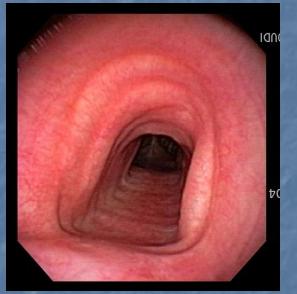
Saber sheath

Bony protuberance

11/1/2014

More tracheal variants



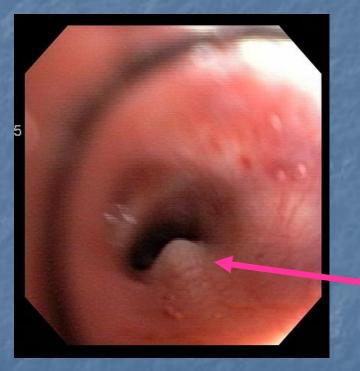


V-shaped trachea

U-shaped trachea

11/1/2014

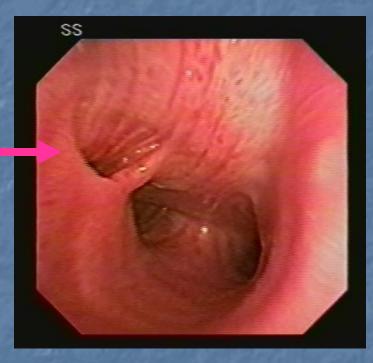
Cartilaginous spur Left main bronchus



With pale overlying mucosa The Patient had bronchitis

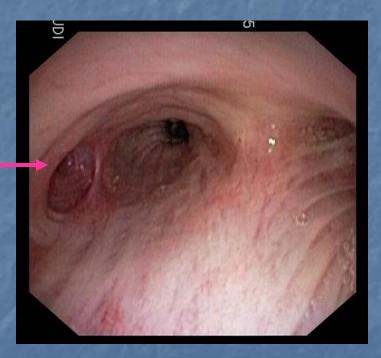
Tracheal bronchus

Tracheal bronchus orifice is almost two centimeters above the main carina, along Right lateroposterior tracheal wall.

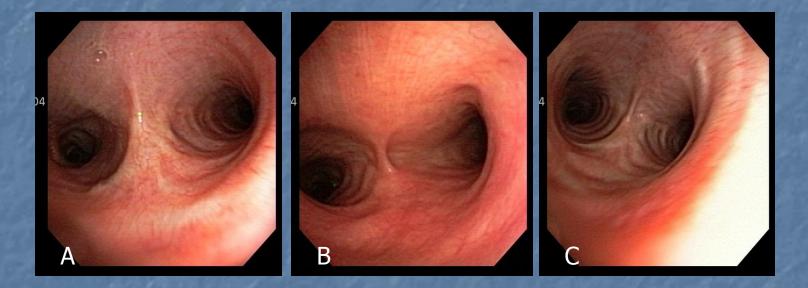


Tracheal bronchus

Tracheal bronchus orifice at level of carina and at entrance to the Right main bronchus



Carina shapes



Normal, but different. Note slight infolding (normal during expiration) in photo B

Normal variants of Right upper lobe segmental bronchial anatomy

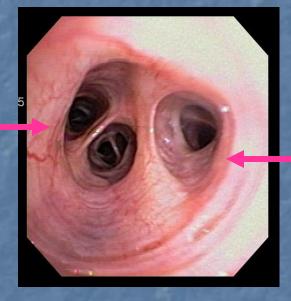


Box-like Quadripartite upper lobe Linear quadripartite configuration RUL

Pyramid-like Quadripartite RUL upper lobe

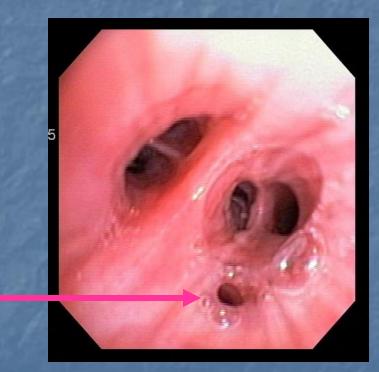
Right middle lobe bronchus variant

Immediate bipartite configuration medial segment of RML bronchus



Lateral segment RML bronchus

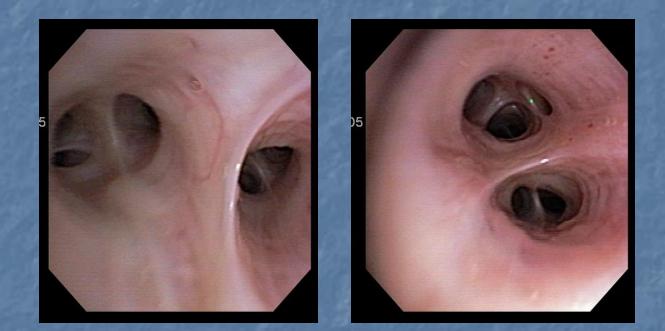
Right lower lobe bronchus variant



Small medial basal segment RB7)

11/1/2014

Bipartite variants



Right upper lobe bronchus

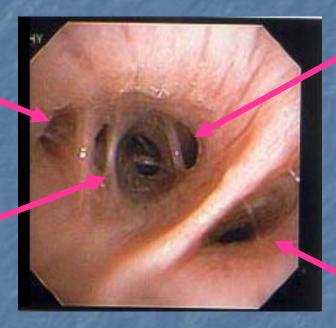
Right lower lobe bronchus

11/1/2014

Subapical segment of the Right lower lobe bronchus

Superior segment

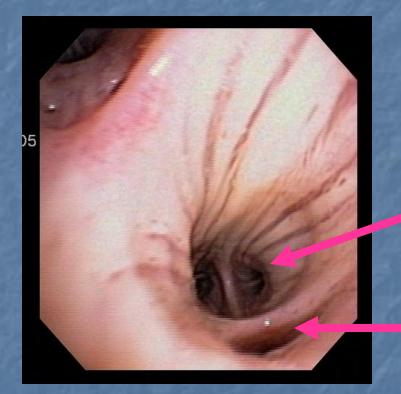
Subapical segment



Mediobasal segment

Middle lobe bronchus

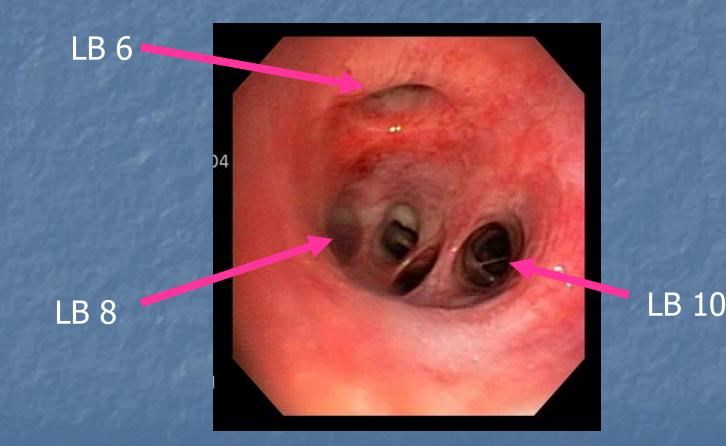
Left lower lobe bronchus with right sided configuration



Left lower lobe basal pyramid

Medial basal segment LB 7

Linear configuration of left lower lobe basal segments



This presentation is part of a comprehensive curriculum for Flexible Bronchoscopy. Our goals are to help health care workers become better at what they do, and to decrease the burden of procedure-related training on patients.

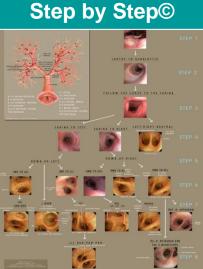
The Essential Bronchoscopist



MODULE 1

A new curriculum

Assured competency and proficiency



- Web-based Self-learning study guide. 1. Computer-based simulations, didactic lectures, and image encyclopedia. 2. Bronchoscopy step-by-step[©]: Practical exercises, skills and tasks, competency testing. 3. Guided apprenticeship. 4.
 - Learning the art of Bronchoscopy.

The Art of Bronchoscopy (Get off the wall).

8 Basic

Principles

11/1/2014

1. The bronchoscope wants to do the bronchoscopy 2. Stay in the midline

> 3. Moderation in everything: slow down, think, act.

4. If you don't know where you are you probably shouldn't be there

5.

5. Force is wrong. Return to what you know; then move on and grow. 6. Slow down to finish faster.

7. Treasure basic values: peace. harmony and kindness

You and the bronchoscope are one

DEMOCRATIZATION AND GLOBALIZATION OF KNOWLEDGE

BI, All Rights Reserved, 2005



27

All efforts are made by Bronchoscopy International to maintain currency of online information. All published multimedia slide shows, streaming videos, and essays can be cited for reference as:

Bronchoscopy International: BronchAtlas[©], an Electronic On-Line Multimedia Slide Presentation. http://www.Bronchoscopy.org/Bronchatlas/htm. Published 2005 (Please add "Date Accessed").



Thank you